

## CUMULATIVE TEST

### Chapter 2

#### Electrostatic potential and capacitance

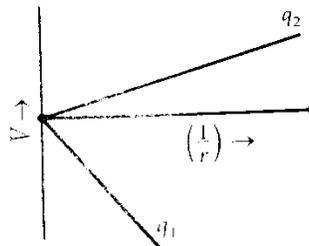
Class-XII Subject-Physics

Time allowed: 90 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 25

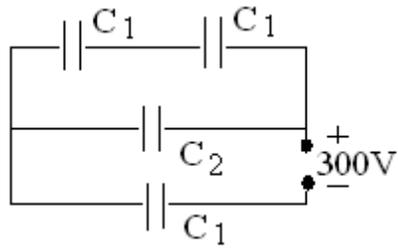
1. All questions are compulsory.
2. There are 12 questions in total. Questions 1 to 5 carry one mark each, 6 to 8 carry two marks each, and 9 to 11 carry three marks each and Question No.12 carry five marks.

1. What is the amount of work done in moving a  $10 \mu\text{C}$  charge between two points 2cm apart on an equipotential surface of 10V?
2. In a parallel plate capacitor the capacitance increases from  $4 \mu\text{F}$  to  $80 \mu\text{F}$  on introducing a dielectric slab of thickness equal to plate separation. Calculate the dielectric constant of the medium.
3. An electric dipole of dipole moment  $3 \times 10^{-9} \text{ Cm}$  is enclosed by a closed surface. What is the net electric flux coming out of surface?
4. The equivalent capacitance of two capacitors in series is  $3\mu\text{F}$  and in parallel is  $16\mu\text{F}$ . What is the values of individual capacitances two capacitors?
5. What is the value of electrostatic potential due to an electric dipole at any point on its equatorial line?
6. The two graphs given here shows the variation of electrostatic potential (V) with  $1/r$  (r being the distance of the field from the point charges) for two charges  $q_1$  and  $q_2$ . Which charge is having higher magnitude?



What is the sign of two charges?

7. Draw three equipotential surfaces corresponding to a field that uniformly increases in magnitude along Y- direction. How are these surfaces different from that of a constant electric field along the Y-direction?
8. Two point charges  $8\mu\text{C}$  and  $-24\mu\text{C}$  are separated by a distance of 4cm. Find the point on the line joining them at which electric Potential is zero.
9. In the given network  $C_1 = 200\text{pF}$  and  $C_2 = 100\text{pF}$ . Calculate (i) equivalent capacitance of the network



(ii) The charge on capacitor of capacitance  $C_1$

**10.** Show that energy stored per unit volume of parallel plate capacitor is given by  $\frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2$

where the symbols have their usual meanings.

**11.** An electric dipole consists of two opposite charges each of  $4\mu\text{C}$  separated by 3cm. The dipole is placed in an external field of  $10^3 \text{ NC}^{-1}$ . Find (i) maximum torque on dipole and (ii) the work done in rotating the dipole through  $120^\circ$  starting from  $\theta = 0^\circ$ .

**12.** A parallel plate capacitor of plate area  $A$  and separation  $d$  is charged to a potential  $V$ . The battery is then disconnected and a dielectric slab of thickness  $d$  and dielectric constant  $K$  is inserted in the capacitor. What change if any, will take place in.

- (a) Voltage across the capacitor.
- (b) Electric field between the plates.
- (c) Capacitance of the capacitor.
- (d) Energy stored.
- (e) Charge on the plates.

Justify your answer in each case.