

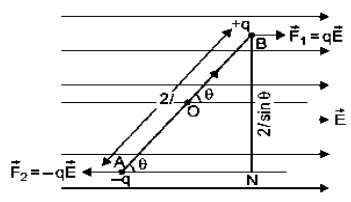
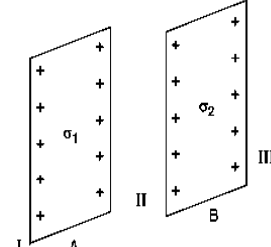
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## ZIET CHANDIGARH

**SUB :- PHYSICS CLASS XII 2022-23**

### REVISION PAPER UNIT- I –ELECTRIC CHARGES AND FIELDS

**Note:** Q. No. 1-4 is of 01 mark each, Q. 5-6 is of 02 marks each, Q.No.7 is of 03 marks, Q. No. 8 is a case study based and is of 04 marks, Q. No. 11 is of 5 marks.

S N	Question	Ma rks
1	Two-point charges + Q and + q is separated by a certain distance. If + Q > + q then in between the charges the electric field is zero at a point (a) closer to + Q      (b) exactly at the mid-point of line segment joining + Q and + q. (c) closer to + q      (d) nowhere on the line segment joining + Q and + q.	1
2	<b>Assertion:</b> A metallic shield in form of a hollow shell may be built to block an electric field. <b>Reason:</b> In a hollow spherical shield, the electric field inside it is zero at every point. a- Both assertion and reason are correct and the reason is the correct explanation of assertion. b- Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is not a correct explanation of assertion. c- Assertion is correct but the reason is incorrect d- Assertion is incorrect but the reason is correct.	1
3	Electric lines of force about a negative point charge are (a) circular anticlockwise      (b) circular clockwise (c) radial, inwards      (d) radial, outwards	1
4	The electric field at a point on equatorial line of a dipole and direction of the dipole moment (a) will be parallel      (b) will be in opposite direction (c) will be perpendicular      (d) are not related	1
5	Two identical metallic spheres of exactly equal masses are taken. One is given a positive charge 'q' and other an equal negative charge. Are their masses after charging equal?	2
6	An electric dipole free to move is placed in an electric field. What is the action on it, when it is placed in (a) a uniform electric field (b) a non-uniform electric field?	2
7	Derive a relation for the intensity of electric field at an equatorial point of an electric dipole.	3
	<p><b>Case study-based questions (questions no 8- 11)</b></p> <p>In a uniform electric field of strength E, the net electric force is zero; but a torque equal to <math>pE \sin \theta</math> acts on the dipole (where <math>\theta</math> is the angle between directions of dipole moment <math>p</math> and electric field E). This torque tends to align the dipole along the direction of electric field. Torque in vector form <math>\vec{\tau} = \vec{p} \times \vec{E}</math></p>  <p>8. When is the torque applied is maximum? 1</p> <p>9. What is the direction of torque applied 1</p> <p>10. What is net force and net when an electric dipole is placed in uniform electric field? 2</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p> <p>10. What is net force and net when an electric dipole is placed in non-uniform electric field? 2</p>	4
11	<p>(a) A point charge (+Q) is kept in the vicinity of uncharged conducting plate. Sketch electric field lines between the charge and the plate.</p> <p>(b) Two infinitely large plane thin parallel sheets having surface charge densities <math>\sigma_1</math> and <math>\sigma_2</math> (<math>\sigma_1 &gt; \sigma_2</math>) are shown in the figure. Write the magnitudes and directions of the net fields in the regions marked II and III.</p> 	5